

**DELHI JAL BOARD: GOVT OF NCT OF DELHI
OFFICE OF THE S.E. (PLANNING) WATER/GWC
ROOM No.-207, VARUNALAYA PH-I,
KAROL BAGH, NEW DELHI-110005**

No. DJB/SE (Plg.) Water/F-23/2016/

Dated:

Sub: Modified Draft of Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016 for setting up Bureau of Water Efficiency.

The 1st Draft of the Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016 for setting up Bureau of Water Efficiency was discussed during a meeting held in the office of Member (WS) on 08.03.2016.

Following deliberations were held during the meeting;

1. BWE is also to be empowered to advise Govt. of NCT of Delhi for exemption of Tax or Subsidy for promotion of water efficient equipments, appliances and fixtures and this aspect is to be included in the proposed Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016.
2. Modified draft is to be circulated among Member (WS), Member (Dr), Member (A), Member (Finance), All Chief Engineers and Directors for sending their comments and feedback within 15 days time. Copy of same is to be endorsed to the offices of Hon'ble Minister Water & Chairman, DJB and Special Secretary, UD Department, GNCTD. One copy of Draft may also be uploaded on DJB website for public opinion.
3. Based on the input received, the draft Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016 will be suitably modified and thereafter will be sent to the office of LO (Water) for legal scrutiny and further necessary action.

Accordingly, provisions under point 1 above have been incorporated in sub clause 12 (k) in Chapter III. A copy of the modified Draft is enclosed and it is requested to send your comments and feedback within 15 days time to this office positively.

Encl: As above

(A.K. Gupta)
SE (Plg.) Water /GWC

1. Member (A)/Member (Fin)/Member (WS)/Member (Dr)
2. All Chief Engineers
3. Director (A&P)/Director (Finance)/DOR/DTQC/Director (SDM)
4. EE (EDP):- with the request to upload the same on DJB website with link on Homepage with facilitation of Comment Box for receiving public opinion on the Draft Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016.

For kind information alongwith a copy of the draft of Delhi Water Conservation Act 2016 to;

1. Secretary to Hon'ble Minister of Water & Chairman, DJB
2. Secretary to CEO
3. Special Secretary, UD Department, GNCTD
4. Office copy in F-23

SE (Plg.) Water/GWC

Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi				
Department of Law, Justice AND LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS,				
<i>New Delhi, the (Date_____)</i>				
The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the Lt. Governor of NCT of Delhi on the (Date____), and is hereby published for general information:--				
DELHI WATER CONSERVATION ACT, 2016 (No. ____ of_____)				
[Date_____]				
An Act to provide for efficient use of water and its conservation and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.				
BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the National Capital Territory of Delhi in the Sixty Seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:--				
CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY				
	1	(1) This Act may be called the Delhi Water Conservation Act, 2016.	Short title, extent and commencement	
		(2) It extends to the whole of NCT of Delhi.		
		(3) It shall come into force on such dates as the Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint; and different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any such provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a reference to the coming into force of that provision.		
Definitions	2	In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires: —		
		(a) “accredited Water auditor” means an auditor possessing qualifications specified under clause (p) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(b) “Appellate Tribunal” means Appellate Tribunal for Water Conservation established under section 29;		
		(c) “building” means any structure or erection or part of a structure or erection, after the rules relating to water conservation building codes have been notified under clause (a) of section 14 of clause (1) of sub-section (2) of section 55, which is having a daily water demand of 12.5 KL or more, and shall include building complex or premises;		
		(d) “Bureau” means the Bureau of Water Efficiency established under subsection (1) of section 3;		
		(e) “Chairperson” means the Chairperson of the Governing council;		
		(f) “designated agency” means any agency designated under clause (d) of section 14;		
		(g) “designated consumer” means any consumer specified under clause (e) of section 13;		

		(h) "Water" means any Water sourced from Municipal Water, Surface Water, Ground Water or Water generated from Recycling of Waste Water;		
		(i) "Water audit" means the verification, monitoring and analysis of use of Water including submission of technical report containing recommendations for improving water use efficiency with cost benefit analysis and an action plan to reduce Water consumption;		
		(j) "Water conservation building codes" means the norms and standards of water consumption expressed in terms of per square meter of the area wherein water is used and includes the location of the building;		
		(k) "Water consumption standards" means the norms for process and water consumption standards specified under clause (a) of section 13;		
		(l) "Water manager" means any individual possessing the qualifications prescribed under clause (m) of section 13;		
		(m) "Governing Council" means the Governing Council referred to in section 4;		
		(n) "member" means the member of the Governing Council and includes the Chairperson;		
		(o) "notification" means a notification in the Gazette of India or, as the case may be, the Official Gazette of a State;		
		(p) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;		
		(q) "regulations" means regulations made by the Bureau under this Act;		
		(r) "schedule" means the Schedule of this Act;		
		(s) "State Commission" means the Delhi Water Regulatory Commission established by Govt of NCT of Delhi under the Act ____ of _____; (Remark: Delhi Water Regulatory Commission Act is required to be enacted)		
		(t) words and expression used and not defined in this Act but defined in the Delhi Water Board Act, 1998 and any other relevant Act related to water sector shall have meanings respectively assigned to them in those Acts.		

CHAPTER II
BUREAU OF WATER EFFICIENCY

	3	(1) With effect from such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint, there shall be established, for the purposes of this Act, a Bureau to be called the Bureau of Water Efficiency		Establishment and incorporation of Bureau of Water Efficiency
		(2) The Bureau shall be a body corporate by the name aforesaid having perpetual succession and a common seal, with power subject to the provisions of this Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of property, both movable and immovable, and to contract, and shall, by the said name, sue or be sued.		
		(3) The head office of the Bureau shall be at NCT of Delhi.		
		(4) The Bureau may establish offices at other places in NCT of Delhi.		
	4	(1) The general superintendence, direction and management of the affairs of the Bureau shall vest in the Governing Council which shall consist of not less than twenty two but not exceeding twenty-eight members to be appointed by the Government of NCT of Delhi.		Management of Bureau

		(2) The Governing Council shall consist of the following members, namely:-		
		(a) the Minister in charge of the Ministry or Department of the Government of NCT of Delhi dealing with the Water	<i>ex officio</i> Chairperson;	
		(b) the Secretary in charge of the Ministry or Department of the NCT of Delhi dealing with the Water	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(c) the Secretary in charge of the Ministry or Department of the NCT of Delhi dealing with the Irrigation and Flood Control.	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(d) the Secretary in charge of the Ministry or Department of the NCT of Delhi dealing with the Industries	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(e) the Secretary in charge of the Ministry or Department of the NCT of Delhi dealing with the Environment and Forests & Wild Life	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(f) the Secretary in charge of the Ministry or Department of the NCT of Delhi dealing with the Public Works	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(g) the Vice Chairman, Delhi Development Authority	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(h) the Divisional Commissioner, Revenue Department Government of NCT of Delhi	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(i) the Chief Executive Officer of Delhi Jal Board	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(j) the Commissioner, South Delhi Municipal Corporation	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(k) the Commissioner, North Delhi Municipal Corporation	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(l) the Commissioner, East Delhi Municipal Corporation	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(m) the Chairman, New Delhi Municipal Council	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(m) the Chief Executive Officer, Delhi Cantonment Board	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(o) the Director-General, Central Public Works Department	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(p) the Director-General of Bureau of Indian Standards established under the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986	<i>ex officio</i> member;	63 of 1986
		(q) the Director-General of National Test House, Department of Supply, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Kolkata	<i>ex officio</i> member;	
		(r) One member each from eleven Revenue Districts of NCT of Delhi subject to maximum of four at a time by rotation to be appointed by the Government of NCT of Delhi	<i>members;</i>	
		(s) such number of persons, not exceeding four as may be prescribed, to be appointed by the Government of NCT of Delhi as members from amongst persons who are in the opinion of the Government of NCT of Delhi are capable of representing industry, equipment and appliance manufacturers, architects and consumers	<i>members;</i>	
		(t) such number of persons, not exceeding two as may be nominated by the Governing Council as members	<i>members;</i>	
		(u) Director-General of Bureau	<i>ex officio</i> member; – secretary;	
		(3) The Governing Council may exercise all powers and do all acts and things which may be exercised or done by the Bureau.		
		(4) Every member referred to in clause (q), (r) and (s) of sub-section (2) shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he		

		enters upon his office.		
		(5) The fee and allowances to be paid to the members referred to in clauses (q), (r) and (s) of sub-section (2) and the manner of filling up of vacancies and the procedure to be followed in the discharge of their functions shall be such as may be prescribed.		
Meetings of Governing Council	5	(1) The Governing Council shall meet at such times and places, and shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to the transaction of business as its meetings (including quorum of such meetings) as may be provided by regulations.		
Meetings of Governing Council		(2) The Chairperson or, if for any reason, he is unable to attend a meeting of the Governing Council, any other member chosen by the members present from amongst themselves at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.		
		(3) All questions which come up before any meeting of the Governing Council shall be decided by a majority vote of the members present and voting, and in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairperson or his absence, the person presiding, shall have second or casting vote.		
Vacancies etc., not to invalidate proceedings of Bureau, Governing Council or Committee	6	No act or proceeding of the Bureau or the Governing Council or any Committee shall be invalid merely by reason of - (a) any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Bureau or the Governing Council or the Committee; or (b) any defect in the appointment of a person acting as a Director-General or Secretary of the Bureau or a member of the Governing Council or the Committee; or (c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Bureau or the Governing Council or the Committee not affecting the merits of the case.		
Removal of member from office	7	The Government of NCT of Delhi shall remove a member referred to in clause (q), (r) and (s) of sub-section (2) of section 4 from office if he :- (a) is, or at any time has been, adjudicated as insolvent; (b) is of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court; (c) has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of the Government of NCT of Delhi, involves a moral turpitude; (d) has, in the opinion of the Government of NCT of Delhi, so abused his position as to render his continuation in office detrimental to the public interest: Provided that no member shall be removed under this clause unless he has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter.		
	8	(1) Subject to any regulations made in this behalf, the Bureau shall, within six months from the date of commencement of this Act, constitute Advisory Committees for the efficient discharge of its functions. (2) Each Advisory Committee shall consist of a Chairperson and such other members as may be determined by regulations.	Constitution of Advisory Committees and other committees	

		(3) Without prejudice to the powers contained in sub-section (1), the Bureau may constitute such number of technical committees of experts for the formulation of Water consumption standards or norms in respect of equipment or processes, as it considers necessary.		
	9	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi shall, by notification, appoint a Director-General from amongst persons of ability and standing, having adequate knowledge and experience in dealing with the matters relating to Water production, supply and Water management standardisation and efficient use of Water and its conservation	Director-General of Bureau	
		(2) The Government of NCT of Delhi shall, by notification appoint any person not below the rank of Deputy Secretary to the Government of NCT of Delhi as Secretary of the Bureau		
		(3) The Director-General shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office or until he attains the age of sixty years, whichever is earlier		
		(4) The salary and allowances payable to the Director-General and other terms and conditions of his service and other terms and conditions of service of the Secretary of the Bureau shall be such as may be prescribed		
		(5) Subject to general superintendence, direction and management of the affairs by the Governing Council, the Director-General of the Bureau shall be the Chief Executive Authority of the Bureau		
		(6) The Director-General of the Bureau shall exercise and discharge such powers and duties of the Bureau as may be determined by regulations		
	10	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi may appoint such other officers and employees in the Bureau as it considers necessary for the efficient discharge of its functions under this Act.	Officers and employees of Bureau	
		(2) The terms and conditions of service of officers and other employees of the Bureau appointed under sub-section (1) shall be such as may be prescribed.		
	11	All orders and decisions of the Bureau shall be authenticated by the signature of the Director-General or any other officer of the Bureau authorised by the Director-General in this behalf.	Authentication of orders and decisions of Bureau	
		CHAPTER III		
		POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF BUREAU		
Powers and functions of Bureau	12	(1) The Bureau shall, effectively co-ordinate with designated consumers, designated agencies and other agencies, recognise and utilise the existing resources and infrastructure, in performing the functions assigned to it by or under this Act.		
		(2) The Bureau may perform such functions and exercise such powers as may be assigned to it by or under this Act and in particular, such functions and powers include the function and power to -		
		(a) recommend to the Government of NCT of Delhi the norms for processes and water consumption standards required to be notified under clause (a) of section 13 ;		
		(b) recommend to the Government of NCT of Delhi the particulars required to be displayed on label on equipment or on appliances and manner of their display under clause (d) of section 13;		

		(c) recommend to the Government of NCT of Delhi for notifying any user or class of users of water as a designated consumer under clause (e) of section 13;		
		(d) take suitable steps to prescribe guidelines for water conservation building codes under clause (p) of section 13;		
		(e) take all measures necessary to create awareness and disseminate information for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(f) arrange and organize training of personnel and specialists in the techniques for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(g) strengthen consultancy services in the field of water conservation;		
		(h) promote research and development in the field of water conservation;		
		(i) develop testing and certification procedure and promote testing facilities for certification and testing for water consumption of equipment and appliances;		
		(j) formulate and facilitate implementation of pilot projects and demonstration projects for promotion of efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(k) promote use of water efficient processes, equipment, devices and systems and may advise Govt. of NCT of Delhi for exemption of Tax or Subsidy for promotion of water efficient equipments, devices, systems, appliances and fixtures.		
		(l) promote innovative financing of water efficiency projects;		
		(m) give financial assistance to institutions for promoting efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(n) levy fee, as may be determined by regulations, for services provided for promoting efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(o) maintain a list of accredited water auditors as may be specified by regulations;		
		(p) specify, by regulations, qualifications for the accredited water auditors;		
		(q) specify, by regulations, the manner and intervals of time in which the water audit shall be conducted ;		
		(r) specify, by regulations, certification procedures for water managers to be designated or appointed by designated consumers;		
		(s) prepare educational curriculum on efficient use of water and its conservation for educational institutions, boards, universities or autonomous bodies and coordinate with them for inclusion of such curriculum in their syllabus;		
		(t) implement international co-operation programmes relating to efficient use of water and its conservation as may be assigned to it by the Government of NCT of Delhi;		
		(u) perform such other functions as may be prescribed.		
		CHAPTER IV		
		POWER OF GOVERNMENT OF NCT OF DELHI TO FACILITATE AND ENFORCE EFFICIENT USE OF WATER AND ITS CONSERVATION		
	13	The Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification, in consultation with the Bureau, —	Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to enforce efficient use of Water and its conservation	

		(a) specify the norms for processes and water consumption standards for any equipment, appliances which consumes, generates, transmits or supplies water;		
		(b) specify equipment or appliance or class of equipments or appliances, as the case may be, for the purposes of this Act;		
		(c) prohibit manufacture or sale or purchase or import of equipment or appliance specified under clause (b) unless such equipment or appliances conforms to water consumption standards; Provided that no notification prohibiting manufacture or sale or purchase or import of equipment or appliance shall be issued within two years from the date of notification issued under clause (a) of this section;		
		(d) direct display of such particulars on label on equipment or on appliance specified under clause (b) and in such manner as may be specified by regulations;		
		(e) specify, having regard to the intensity or quantity of water consumed and the amount of investment required for switching over to water efficient equipments and capacity or industry to invest in it and availability of the water efficient machinery and equipment required by the industry, any user or class of users of water as a designated consumer for the purposes of this Act;		
		(f) alter the list of Water Intensive Industries specified in the Schedule;		
		(g) establish and prescribe such water consumption norms and standards for designated consumers as it may consider necessary: Provided that the Government of NCT of Delhi may prescribe different norms and standards for different designated consumers having regard to such factors as may be prescribed;		
		(h) direct, having regard to quantity of water consumed or the norms and standards of water consumption specified under clause (a) the water intensive industries specified in the Schedule to get water audit conducted by an accredited water auditor in such manner and intervals of time as may be specified by regulations;		
		(i) direct, if considered necessary for efficient use of water and its conservation, any designated consumer to get water audit conducted by an accredited water auditor;		
		(j) specify the matters to be included for the purposes of inspection under sub-section (2) of section 16;		
		(k) direct any designated consumer to furnish to the designated agency, in such form and manner and within such period, as may be prescribed, the information with regard to the water consumed and action taken on the recommendation of the accredited water auditor;		
		(l) direct any designated consumer to designate or appoint water manager in charge of activities for efficient use of water and its conservation and submit a report, in the form and manner as may be prescribed, on the status of water consumption at the end of the every financial year to designated agency;		
		(m) prescribe minimum qualification for water managers to be designated or appointed under clause (l);		
		(n) direct every designated consumer to comply with water consumption norms and standards;		
		(o) direct any designated consumer, who does not fulfil the water consumption norms and standards prescribed under clause (g), to prepare a scheme for efficient use of water and its conservation and implement such scheme keeping in view of the economic viability of the investment in such form and manner as may be prescribed;		

		(p) prescribe water conservation building codes for efficient use of water and its conservation in the building or building complex;		
		(q) amend the water conservation building codes to suit the regional and local climatic conditions;		
		(r) direct every owner or occupier of the building or building complex, being a designated consumer to comply with the provisions of water conservation building codes for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(s) direct, any designated consumer referred to in clause (r), if considered necessary, for efficient use of water and its conservation in his building to get water audit conducted in respect of such building by an accredited water auditor in such manner and intervals of time as may be specified by regulations;		
		(t) take all measures necessary to create awareness and disseminate information for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(u) arrange and organise training of personnel and specialists in the techniques for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(v) take steps to encourage preferential treatment for use of water efficient equipment or appliances: Provided that the powers under clauses (p) and (s) shall be exercised in consultation with the concerned Departments in NCT of Delhi.		
		CHAPTER V		
		POWER OF GOVERNMENT OF NCT OF DELHI TO FACILITATE AND ENFORCE EFFICIENT USE OF WATER AND ITS CONSERVATION		
Power of State Government to enforce certain provisions for efficient use of Water an its conservation	14	The Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification, in consultation with the Bureau -		
		(a) amend the water conservation building codes to suit the regional and local climatic conditions and may, by rules made by it, specify and notify water conservation building codes with respect to use of water in the buildings;		
		(b) direct every owner or occupier of a building or building complex being a designated consumer to comply with the provisions of the water conservation building codes;		
		(c) direct, if considered necessary for efficient use of water and its conservation, any designated consumer referred to in clause (b) to get water audit conducted by an accredited Water auditor in such manner and at such intervals of time as may be specified by regulations;		
		(d) designate any agency as designated agency to coordinate, regulate and enforce provisions of this Act within the NCT of Delhi;		
		(e) take all measures necessary to create awareness and disseminate information for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(f) arrange and organise training of personnel and specialists in the techniques for efficient use of water and its conservation;		
		(g) take steps to encourage preferential treatment for use of water efficient equipment or appliances;		
		(h) direct, any designated consumer to furnish to the designated agency, in such form and manner and within such period as may be specified by rules made by it, information with regard to the water consumed by such consumer;		

		(i) specify the matters to be included for the purposes of inspection under sub-section (2) of section 16;		
	15	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi shall constitute a Fund to be called the State Water Conservation Fund for the purposes of promotion of efficient use of water and its conservation within the NCT of Delhi.	Establishment of Fund by Government of NCT of Delhi	
		(2) To the Fund shall be credited all grants and loans that may be made by the Government of NCT of Delhi or, Central Government or any other organization or individual for the purposes of this Act.		
		(3) The Fund shall be applied for meeting the expenses incurred for implementing the provisions of this Act.		
		(4) The Fund created under sub-section (1) shall be administered by such persons or any authority and in such manner as may be specified in the rules made by the Government of NCT of Delhi.		
	16	(1) The designated agency may appoint, after the expiry of five years from the date of commencement of this Act, as many inspecting officers as may be necessary for the purpose of ensuring compliance with water consumption standard specified under clause (a) of section 13 or ensure display of particulars on label on equipment or appliances specified under clause (b) of section 13 or for the purpose of performing such other functions as may be assigned to them.	Power of inspection	
		(2) Subject to any rules made under this Act, an inspecting officer shall have power to -		
		(a) inspect any operation carried on or in connection with the equipment or appliance specified under clause (b) of section 13 or in respect of which water standards under clause (a) of section 13 have been specified;		
		(b) enter any place of designated consumer at which the water is used for any activity and may require any proprietor, employee, director, manager or secretary or any other person who may be attending in any manner to or helping in, carrying on any activity with the help of Water -		
		(i) to afford him necessary facility to inspect -		
		(A) any equipment or appliance as he may require and which may be available at such place;		
		(B) any production process to ascertain the Water consumption norms and standards;		
		(ii) to make an inventory of stock of any equipment or appliance checked or verified by him;		
		(iii) to record the statement of any person which may be useful for, or relevant to, for efficient use of Water and its conservation under this Act.		
		(3) An inspecting officer may enter any place of designated consumer -		
		(a) where any activity with the help of Water is carried on; and		
		(b) where any equipment or appliance notified under clause (b) of section 13 has been kept,		
		during the hours at which such places is open for production or conduct of business connected therewith.		
		(4) An inspecting officer acting under this section shall, on no account, remove or cause to be removed from the place wherein he has entered, any equipment or appliance or books of accounts or other documents.		

Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to issue directions	17	The Government of NCT of Delhi may, in the exercise of its powers and performance of its functions under this Act and for efficient use of water and its conservation, issue such directions in writing as it deems fit for the purposes of this Act to any person, officer, authority or any designated consumer and such person, officer or authority or any designated consumer shall be bound to comply with such directions.		
		<i>Explanation</i> – For the avoidance of doubts, it is hereby declared that the power to issue directions under this section includes the power to direct –		
		(a) regulation of norms for process and water consumption standards in any industry or building or building complex; or		
		(b) regulation of the water consumption standards for equipment and appliances.		
		CHAPTER VI		
		FINANCE, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT OF BUREAU		
Grants and loans by Government of NCT of Delhi	18	The Government of NCT of Delhi may, after due appropriation made by Legislative Assembly by law in this behalf, make to the Bureau the grants and loans of such sums or money as the Government of NCT of Delhi may consider necessary.		
Establishment of Fund by Government of NCT of Delhi	19	(1) There shall be constituted a Fund to be called as the Central Water Conservation Fund and there shall be credited thereto -		
		(a) any grants and loans made to the Bureau by the Government of NCT of Delhi under section 18;		
		(b) all fees received by the Bureau under this Act;		
		(c) all sums received by the Bureau from such other sources as may be decided upon by the Government of NCT of Delhi including that from Central Government.		
		(2) The Fund shall be applied for meeting -		
		(a) the salary, allowances and other remuneration of Director-General, Secretary officers and other employees of the Bureau,		
		(b) expenses of the Bureau in the discharge of its functions under section 12;		
		(c) fee and allowances to be paid to the members of the Governing Council under sub- section (5) or section 4;		
		(d) expenses on objects and for purposes authorised by this Act		
Borrowing powers of Bureau	20	(1) The Bureau may, with the consent of the Government of NCT of Delhi or in accordance with the terms of any general or special authority given to it by the Government of NCT of Delhi borrow money from any source as it may deem fit for discharging all or any of its functions under this Act.		
		(2) The Government of NCT of Delhi may guarantee, in such manner as it thinks fit, the repayment of the principle and the payment of interest thereon with respect to the loans borrowed by the Bureau under sub-section (1).		

	21	The Bureau shall prepare, in such form and at such time in each financial year as may be prescribed, its budget for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of the Bureau and forward the same to the Government of NCT of Delhi.	Budget	
	22	The Bureau shall prepare, in such form and at such time in each financial year as may be prescribed, its annual report, giving full account of its activities during the previous financial year, and submit a copy thereof to the Government of NCT of Delhi.	Annual report	
	23	The Government of NCT of Delhi shall cause the annual report referred to in section 22 to be laid, as soon as may be after it is received, before the Legislative Assembly.	Annual report to be laid before Parliament	
	24	(1) The Bureau shall maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such form as may be prescribed by the Government of NCT of Delhi in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.	Accounts and Audit	
		(2) The accounts of the Bureau shall be audited at such intervals and by the authority as may be specified by Government of NCT of Delhi and any expenditure incurred in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Bureau to the appointed authority.		
		(3) The Appointed Authority by the Government of NCT of Delhi for the purpose of auditing of accounts of the Bureau and any other person appointed by it in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Bureau shall have the same rights and privileges and authority in connection with such audit as the Comptroller and Auditor-General generally has in connection with the audit of the Government accounts and in particular, shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers and to inspect any of the offices of the Bureau.		
		(4) The accounts of the Bureau as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any other appointed authority or person by the Government of NCT of Delhi in this behalf together with the audit report thereon shall forward annually to the Government of NCT of Delhi and that Government shall cause the same to be laid before Legislative Assembly.		
		CHAPTER VII		
		PENALTIES AND ADJUDICATION		
	25	(1) If any person fails to comply with the provision of clause (c) or the clause (d) or clause (h) or clause (i) or clause (k) or clause (l) or clause (n) or clause (r) or clause (s) of section 13 or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (h) of section 14, he shall be liable to a penalty which shall not exceed ten thousand rupees for each such failures and, in the case of continuing failures, with an additional penalty which may extend to one thousand rupees for every day during which such failures continues: Provided that no person shall be liable to pay penalty within five years from the date of commencement of this Act.	Penalty	
		(2) Any amount payable under this section, if not paid, may be recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue.		

	26	(1) For the purpose of adjudging section 25, the State Commission shall appoint any of its Power to members to be an adjudicating officer for holding an inquiry in such manner as may be adjudicate prescribed by the Government of NCT of Delhi, after giving any person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard for the purpose of imposing any penalty.	Power to adjudicate	
		(2) While holding an inquiry the adjudicating officer shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of any person acquainted with the facts and circumstances of the case of give evidence or produce any document which in the opinion of the adjudicating officer, may be useful for or relevant to the subject-matter of the inquiry, and if, on such inquiry, he is satisfied that the person has failed to comply with the provisions of any of the clauses of the sections specified in section 26, he may impose such penalty as he thinks fit in accordance with the provisions of any of those clauses of that section: Provided that till such time a State Commission has not been established in the NCT of Delhi, the Government of NCT of Delhi shall appoint any of its officer not below the rank equivalent to a Secretary dealing with legal affairs in the NCT of Delhi to be an adjudicating officer for the purposes of this section and such officer shall cease to be an adjudicating officer immediately on the appointment of an adjudicating officer by the Government of NCT of Delhi on its establishment in NCT of Delhi: Provided further that where an adjudicating officer appointed by the Government of NCT of Delhi ceased to be an adjudicating officer, he shall transfer to the adjudicating officer appointed by the State Commission all matters being adjudicated by him and thereafter the adjudicating officer appointed by the State Commission shall adjudicate the penalties on such matters.		
Factors to be taken into account by adjudicating officer	27	While adjudicating the quantum of penalty under section 25, the adjudicating officer shall have due regard to the following factors, namely:-		
		(a) the amount of disproportionate gain or unfair advantage, wherever quantifiable, made as a result of the default;		
		(b) the repetitive nature of the default.		
Civil court not to have jurisdiction	28	No civil court shall have jurisdiction to entertain any suit or proceeding in respect of any matter which an adjudicating officer appointed under this Act or the Appellate Tribunal is empowered by or under this Act to determine and no injunction shall be granted by any court or other authority in respect of any action taken or to be taken in pursuance of any power conferred by or under this Act.		
		CHAPTER VIII		
		APPELLATE TRIBUNAL FOR WATER CONSERVATION		
Establishment of Appellate Tribunal	29	The Government of NCT of Delhi shall, by notification, establish an Appellate Tribunal to be known as the Appellate Tribunal for Water Conservation to hear appeals against the orders of the adjudicating officer or the Government of NCT of Delhi or any other authority under this Act.		

Appeal to Appellate Tribunal	30	<p>(1) Any person aggrieved, by an order made by an adjudicating officer or the Government of NCT of Delhi or any other authority under this Act, may prefer an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal for Water Conservation:</p> <p>Provided that any person appealing against the order of the adjudicating officer levying any penalty, shall while filing the appeal, deposit the amount of such penalty:</p> <p>Provided further that where in any particular case, the Appellate Tribunal is of the opinion that the deposit of such penalty would cause undue hardship to such person, the Appellate Tribunal may dispense with such deposit subject to such conditions as it may deem fit to impose so as to safeguard the realisation of penalty.</p>		
		<p>(2) Every appeal under sub-section (1) shall be filed within a period of forty-five days from the date on which a copy of the order made by the adjudicating officer or the Government of NCT of Delhi or any other authority is received by the aggrieved person and it shall be in such form, verified in such manner and be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed:</p> <p>Provided that the Appellate Tribunal may entertain an appeal after the expiry of the said period of forty-five days if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not filing it within that period.</p>		
		<p>(3) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal may, after giving the parties to the appeal an opportunity of being heard, pass such orders thereon as it thinks fit, confirming, modifying or setting aside the order appealed against</p>		
		<p>(4) The Appellate Tribunal shall send a copy of every order made by it to the parties to the appeal and to the concerned adjudicating officer or the Government of NCT of Delhi or any other authority under this act.</p>		
		<p>(5) The appeal filed before the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (1) shall be dealt with by it as expeditiously as possible and endeavour shall be made by it to dispose of the appeal finally within one hundred and eighty days from the date of receipt of the appeal:</p> <p>Provided that where an appeal could not be disposed of within the said period of one hundred and eighty days, the Appellate Tribunal shall record its reasons in writing for not disposing of the appeal within the said period.</p>		
		<p>(6) The Appellate Tribunal may, for the purpose of examining the legality, propriety or correctness of any order made by the adjudicating officer or the Government of NCT of Delhi or any other authority under this Act, as the case may be in relation to any proceeding, on its own motion or otherwise, call for the records of such proceedings and make such order in the case as it thinks fit.</p>		
	31	<p>(1) The Appellate Tribunal shall consist of a Chairperson and such number of Members not exceeding four, as the Government of NCT of Delhi may deem fit.</p>	Composition of Appellate Tribunal	
		<p>(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act, -</p>		
		<p>(a) the jurisdiction of the Appellate Tribunal may be exercised by Benches thereof;</p>		
		<p>(b) a Bench may be constituted by the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal with two or more Members of the Appellate Tribunal as the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal may deem fit:</p>		
		<p>Provided that every Bench constituted under this clause shall include at least one Judicial Member and one Technical Member;</p>		

		(c) The Benches of the Appellate Tribunal shall ordinarily sit at Delhi and such other places as the Government of NCT of Delhi may, in consultation with the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal, notify;		
		(d) The Government of NCT of Delhi shall notify the areas in relation to which each Bench of the Appellate Tribunal may exercise jurisdiction,		
		(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal may transfer a Member of the Appellate Tribunal from one Bench to another Bench		
		<i>Explanation</i> – For the purposes of this Chapter, –		
		(i) “Judicial Member” means a Member of the Appellate Tribunal appointed as such under item (i) or item (ii) or clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 32, and includes the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal;		
		(ii) “Technical Member” means a Member of the Appellate Tribunal appointed as such under item (iii) or item (iv) or item (v) or item (vi) of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 32		
	32	(1) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal unless he -	Qualifications for appointment of Chairperson and Members of Appellate Tribunal	
		(a) in the case of Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal, is or has been, a judge of the Supreme Court or the Chief Justice of a High Court; and		
		(b) in the case of a Member of the Appellate Tribunal,-		
		(i) is, or has been, or is qualified to be, a Judge of a High Court; or		
		(ii) is, or has been, a Member of the Indian Legal Service and has held a post in Grade I in that service for at least three years; or		
		(iii) is, or has been, a Secretary for at least one year in Ministry or Department of the Government of NCT of Delhi dealing with the Water; or		
		(iv) is, or has been Chairman of the Central Water Commission for at least one year; or		
		(v) is, or has been, Director-General of Bureau and Bureau of Indian Standards or Director of the Central Water & Power Research Station for at least three years or has held any equivalent post for at least three years; or		
		(vi) is, or has been, a qualified technical person of ability and standing having adequate knowledge and experience in dealing with the matters relating to water production and supply, water management, standardisation and efficient use of water and its conservation, and has shown capacity in dealing with problems relating to engineering, finance, commerce, economics, law or management		
	33	The Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal and every Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office as such for a term of five years from the date on which he enters upon his office:		
		Provided that no Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or Member of the		
		Appellate Tribunal shall hold office as such after he has attained, –		
		(a) in the case of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal, the age of seventy years;		

		(b) in the case of any Member of the Appellate Tribunal, the age of sixty-five years.		
Terms and conditions of service	34	The salary and allowances payable to and the other terms and conditions of service of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal, Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed:		
		Provided that neither the salary and allowances nor the other terms and conditions of service of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall be varied to his disadvantage after appointment.		
Vacancies	35	If for reason other than temporary absence any vacancy occurs in the office of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or the Member of the Appellate Tribunal, the Government of NCT of Delhi shall appoint another person in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill the vacancy and the proceedings may be continued before the Appellate Tribunal from the stage at which the vacancy is filled.		
	36	(1) The Chairperson or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the Government of NCT of Delhi, resign his office:		
		Provided that the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall, unless he is permitted by the Government of NCT of Delhi to relinquish his office sooner, continue to hold office until the expiry of three months from the date of receipt of such notice or until a person duly appointed as his successor enters upon his office or until the expiry of term of office, whichever is the earliest.		
		(2) The Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall not be removed from his office except by an order by the Government of NCT of Delhi on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity after an inquiry made by such persons as the LG of Delhi may appoint for this purpose in which the Chairperson or a Member of the Appellate Tribunal concerned has been informed of the charges against him and given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in respect of such charges.		
	37	(1) In the event of the occurrence of vacancy in the office of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal by reason of his death, resignation or otherwise, the senior-most member of the Appellate Tribunal shall act as the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal until the date on which a new Chairperson appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill such vacancy enters upon his office.	Member to act as Chairperson in certain circumstances	
		(2) When the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal is unable to discharge his functions owing to his absence, illness or any other cause, the senior most Member of the Appellate Tribunal shall discharge the functions of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal until the date on which the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal resumes his duties.		
	38	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi shall provide the Appellate Tribunal with such officers and employees as it may deem fit.	Staff of Appellate Tribunal	

		(2) The officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal Shall discharge their functions under the general superintendence of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal as the case may be.		
		(3) The salaries and allowances and other conditions of service of the officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed.		
5 of 1908	39	(1) The Appellate Tribunal shall not be bound by the procedure laid down by the Code of civil Procedure, 1908 but shall be guided by the principles of natural justice and subject to the other provisions of this Act, the Appellate Tribunal shall have powers to regulate its own procedure.	Procedure and powers of Appellate Tribunal	
5 of 1908		(2) The Appellate Tribunal shall have, for the purposes of discharging its functions under this Act, the same powers as are vested in the civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure 1908, while trying to suit in respect of the following matters, namely:-		
		(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;		
		(b) requiring the discovery and production of documents;		
		(c) receiving evidence of affidavits;		
1 of 1872		(d) subject to the provisions of section 123 and 124 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, requisitioning any public record or document or copy of such record or document from any office		
		(e) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses or documents;		
		(f) reviewing its decisions;		
		(g) dismissing a representation of default or deciding it, <i>ex parte</i> ;		
		(h) setting aside any order of dismissal or any representation for default or any order passed by it, <i>ex parte</i> ;		
		(i) any other matter which may be prescribed by the Government of NCT of Delhi.		
		(3) An order made by the Appellate Tribunal under this Act shall be executable by the Appellate Tribunal as a decree of civil court and, <i>for</i> this purpose, the Appellate Tribunal shall have all the powers of a civil court.		
		(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), the Appellate Tribunal may transmit any order made by it to a civil court having local jurisdiction and such civil court shall execute the order as if it were a decree made by the that court.		
45 of 1860 2 of 1974		(5) All proceedings before the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code and the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be civil court for the purposes of section 345 and 346 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.		
Distribution of business amongst Benches.	40	Where Benches are constituted, the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal may, from time to time, by notification, make provisions as to the distribution of the business of the Appellate Tribunal amongst the Benches and also provide for the matters which may be dealt with by each Bench.		

Power of Chairperson to Transfer cases	41	On the application of any of the parties and after notice to the parties, and after hearing such Chairperson of them as he may desire to be heard, or on his own motion without such notice, the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal may transfer any case pending before one Bench for disposal, to any other Bench.		
Decision by the Majority	42	If the Members of the Appellate Tribunal of a Bench consisting of two Members differ in opinion on any point, they shall state the point or points on which they differ, and make a reference to the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal who shall either hear the point or points himself or refer the case for hearing on such point or points by one or more of the other Members of the Appellate Tribunal and such point or points shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the Members of the Appellate Tribunal who have heard the case, including those who first heard it.		
Right to appellant to take assistance of legal practitioner or accredited auditor and of Government to appoint presenting officers	43	(1) A person preferring an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal under this Act may either appear in person or take assistance of a legal practitioner or an accredited Water auditor of his choice to present his case before the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be.		
		(2) The Government of NCT of Delhi may authorise one or more legal practitioners or any of its officers to act as presenting officers and every person so authorised may present the case with respect to any appeal before the Appellate Tribunal as the case may be.		
Appeal to to Supreme Court	44	Any person aggrieved by any decision or order of the Appellate Tribunal may, file an appeal to the Supreme court within sixty days from the date of communication of the decision or order of the Appellate Tribunal to him, on any one or more of the ground specified in section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908: Provided that the Supreme Court may, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by the sufficient cause from the filing the appeal within the said period, allow it to be filed within a further period of not exceeding sixty days.	5 of 1908	
		CHAPTER IX		
		MISCELLANEOUS		
Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to issue directions to Bureau	45	(1) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Act, the Bureau shall, in exercise of its powers or the performance of its functions under this Act, be bound by such directions on questions of policy as the Government of NCT of Delhi may give in writing to it from time to time:		
		Provided that the Bureau shall, as far as practicable, be given an opportunity to express his views before any direction is given under this sub-section.		
		(2) The decision of the Government of NCT of Delhi, whether a question is one of policy or not, shall be final.		

Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to Supersede Bureau	46	(1) If at any time the Government of NCT of Delhi is of opinion -		
		(a) that on account of grave emergency, the Bureau is unable to discharge the functions and duties imposed on it by or under the provisions of this Act; or		
		(b) that the Bureau has persistently made default in complying with any direction issued by the Government of NCT of Delhi under this Act or in discharge of the functions and duties imposed on it by or under the provisions of this Act and as a result of such default, the financial position of the Bureau had deteriorated or the administration of the Bureau had deteriorated; or		
		(c) that circumstances exist which render it necessary in the public interest so to do, the Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification, supersede the Bureau for such period, not exceeding six months, as may be specified in the notification.		
		(2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Bureau -		
		(a) all the members referred to in clauses (q), (r) and (s) of sub-section (2) of section 4 shall, as from the date of supersession, vacate their offices as such;		
		(b) all the powers, functions and duties which may, by or under the provisions of this Act, be exercised or discharged by or on behalf of the Bureau, shall until the Bureau is reconstituted under sub-section (3), be exercised and discharged by such person or persons as the Government of NCT of Delhi may direct; and		
		(c) all property owned or controlled by the Bureau shall, until the Bureau is reconstituted under sub-section (3), vest in the Government of NCT of Delhi.		
		(3) On the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1), the Government of NCT of Delhi may reconstitute the Bureau by a fresh appointment and in such case any person or persons who vacated their offices under clause (a) of sub-section (2), shall not be deemed disqualified for appointment: Provided that the Government of NCT of Delhi may, at any time, before the expiration of the period of supersession, take action under this sub-section		
		(d) the Government of NCT of Delhi shall cause a notification issued under sub-section (1) and full report of any action taken under this section and the circumstances leading to such action to be laid before Legislative Assembly at the earliest.		
	47	(1) Where a company makes a default in complying with the provisions of clause (c) or clause (d) or clause (h) or clause (i) or clause (k) or clause (l) or clause (n) or clause (r) or clause (s) of section 13 or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (h) of section 14, every person who at the time of such contravention was incharge of, and was responsible to the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to have acted in contravention of the said provisions and shall be liable to be proceeded against and imposed penalty under section 25 accordingly: Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable for penalty provided in this Act if he proves that the contravention of the aforesaid provisions was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the contravention of the aforesaid provision.	Default by companies	

		(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (l), where any contravention of the provisions of clause (c) or clause (d) or clause (h) or clause (i) or clause (k) or clause (l) or clause (n) or clause (r) or clause (s) of section 13 or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (h) of section 14 has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or in attributable to, any neglect on the part of , any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to have contravened the said provisions and shall be liable to be proceeded for imposition of penalty accordingly.		
		<i>Explanation</i> – For the purposes of this section, “company” means a body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals.		
43 of 1961	48	Notwithstanding anything contained in the Income-tax Act, 1961 or any other enactment for the time being in force relating to tax on income, profits or gains - (a) the Bureau; Shall not be liable to pay any income tax or any tax in respect of their income, profits or gains derived subject to approvals from the Central Government.	Exemption from tax on income	
Protection of action taken in good faith	49	No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Government of NCT of Delhi or Director-General or Secretary or any officer of those Governments or State Commission or its members or any member or officer or other employee of the Bureau for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder.		
Delegation	50	The Bureau may, by general or special order in writing, delegate to any member, member of the committee, officer of the Bureau or any other person subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the order, such of its powers and functions under this Act (except the powers under section 57) as it may deem necessary		
Power to obtain information	51	Every designated consumer or manufacturer of equipment or appliances specified under clause (b) of section 13 shall supply the Bureau with such information, and with such samples of any material or substance used in relation to any equipment or appliance, as the Bureau may require.		
Power to exempt	52	If the Government of NCT of Delhi is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do in the public interest, it may, by notification and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification, exempt any designated consumer or class of designated consumers from application of all or any of the provisions of this Act: Provided that the Government of NCT of Delhi , as the case may be, shall not grant exemption to any designated consumer or class of designated consumers for the period exceeding five years: Provided further that the Government of NCT of Delhi, as the case may be shall consult the Bureau of Water Efficiency before granting such exemption.		

Chairperson, Members, officers and employees of the Appellate Tribunal, Members of State Commission, Director-General, Secretary, members, officers and employees to be public servants.	53	The Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal or the Members of the Appellate Tribunal or officers or employees of the Appellate Tribunal or the members of the State Commission or the members, Director-General, Secretary, officers and other employees of the Bureau shall be deemed, when acting or purporting to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of the Act, to be public servants within the meaning of section 20 of the Indian Penal Code.	45 Of 1860	
Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to issue directions.	54	The Government of NCT of Delhi may give direction to the Bureau as to carrying out into execution of this Act in the NCT of Delhi		
Power of Government of NCT of Delhi to make rules.	55	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.		
		(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-		
		(a) such number of persons to be appointed as members by the Government of NCT of Delhi under clauses (q), (r) and (s) of sub-section (2) of section 4;		
		(b) the fee and allowances to be paid to the members under sub-section (5) of section 4;		
		(c) the salary and allowances payable to the Director-General and other terms and conditions of his service and other terms and conditions of service of the Secretary of the Bureau under sub-section (4) of section 9;		
		(d) the terms and conditions of service of officer and other employees of the Bureau under sub-section (2) of section 10;		
		(e) performing such other functions by the Bureau, as may be prescribed, under clause(u) of sub-section (2) or section 12;		
		(f) the Water consumption norms and standards for designated consumers under clause (g) of section 13;		
		(g) prescribing the different norms and standards for different designated consumers under the proviso to clause (g) of section 13;		
		(h) the form and manner and the time within which information with regard to water consumed and the action taken on the recommendations of the accredited Water auditor be furnished under clause (k) of section 13;		
		(i) the form and manner in which the status of Water consumption be submitted under clause (l) of section 13;		
		(j) the minimum qualification for Water managers under clause (m) of section 14;		
		(k) the form and manner for preparation of scheme and its implementation under clause (o) of section 13;		
		(l) the Water conservation building codes under clause (p) of section 13;		
		(m) the matters relating to inspection under sub-section (2) of section 16;		

		(n) the form in which, and the time at which, the Bureau shall prepare its budget under section 21;		
		(o) the form in which, and the time at which, the Bureau shall prepare its annual report under section 22;		
		(p) the form in which the accounts of the Bureau shall be maintained under section 24;		
		(q) the manner of holding inquiry under sub-section (l) of section 26;		
		(r) the form of and fee for filing such appeal under sub-section (2) of section 30;		
		(s) the salary and allowances payable to and other terms and conditions of service of the Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal and Member of the Appellate Tribunal under section 34;		
		(t) the salary and allowances and other conditions of service of the officers and other employees of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (3) of section 38;		
		(u) the additional matters in respect of which the Appellate Tribunal may exercise the powers of a civil court under clause (i) of sub-section (2) of section 39;		
		(v) any other matters which is to be, or may be, prescribed, or in respect of which provision is to be made, or may be made by rules.		
	56	(1) The Government of NCT of Delhi may, by notification, makes rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act and not inconsistent with the rules, if any, made by the Central Government.	Power of State Government to make rules	
		(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely: -		
		(a) Water conservation building codes under clause (a) of section 14;		
		(b) the form, the manner and the period within which information with regard to Water consumption shall be furnished under clause (h) of section 14;		
		(c) the person or any authority who shall administer the Fund and the manner in which the Fund shall be administered under sub-section (4) of section 15;		
		(d) the matters to be included for the purposes of inspection under sub-section (2) of section 16		
		(e) any other matter which is to be, or may be, prescribed, or in respect of which provision is to be made, or may be made, by rules.		
Power of Bureau to make regulations	57	(1) The Bureau may, with the previous approval of the Government of NCT of Delhi and subject to the condition of previous publication, by notification, make regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder to carry out the purposes of this Act.		
		(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-		
		(a) the times and places of the meetings of the Governing Council and the procedure to be followed at such meetings under sub-section (1) of section 5;		
		(b) the members of advisory committees constituted under sub-section (2) of section 8;		
		(c) the powers and duties that maybe exercised and discharged by the Director-General of the Bureau under sub-section (6) of section 9;		

		(d) the levy of fee for services provided for promoting efficient use of Water and its conservation under clause (n) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(e) the list of accredited Water auditors under clause (o) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(f) the qualifications for accredited Water auditors under clause (p) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(g) the manner and the intervals or time in which the Water audit shall be conducted under clause (q) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(h) certification procedure for Water managers under clause (r) of sub-section (2) of section 12;		
		(i) particulars required to be displayed on label and the manner of their display under clause (d) of section 13;		
		(j) the manner and the intervals of time for conduct of Water audit under clause (h) or clause (s) of section 13;		
		(k) the manner and the intervals of time for conducting Water audit by an accredited Water auditor under clause (c) of section 14;		
		(l) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, specified.		
Rules and regulations to be laid before Legislative Assembly	58	(1) Every rule made by the Government of NCT of Delhi and every regulation made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before Legislative Assembly while it is in session, which may agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation, or agree that the rule or regulation should not be made, the rule or regulation shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so however that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation.		
		(2) Every rule made by the Government of NCT of Delhi shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before Legislative Assembly.		
Application of other laws not barred.	59	The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, the provisions of any other law for the time being in force.		
	60	The provisions of this Act shall not apply to the Ministry or Department of the Central Government dealing with Defence, Atomic Water or such other similar Ministries or Departments undertakings or Boards or institutions under the control of such Ministries or Departments as may be notified by the Central Government.	Provisions of Act not to apply in certain cases	
	61	(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government of NCT of Delhi may, by order, published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may appear to be necessary for removing the difficulty:	Power to remove difficulty.	
		Provided that no such order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.		
		(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each Legislative Assembly.		

		THE SCHEDULE		
		[See section 2 (r)]		

List of Water Intensive Industries and other establishments specified as designated consumers

		1. Automobile		
		2. Distillery		
		3. Fertilizer		
		4. Leather		
		5. Pulp & Paper		
		6. Special quality paper		
		7. Straw Board		
		8. Petro-Chemicals & Petroleum Refinery		
		9. Chemicals;		
		10. Railways;		
		11. Steel		
		12. Transport Sector (industries and services);		
		13. Sugar		
		14. Textile		
		15. Thermal Power Stations, hydel power stations,		
		16. Water transmission and distribution companies;		
		17. Commercial buildings or establishments;		
		18. Water packaging industries and ice factories		